

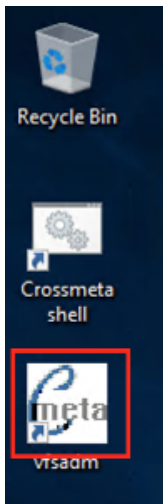
Configuring Cloud Storage

1. Connect to newly launched VM Instance

- Using RDP client connect to MayaData VM instance with the default account name and initial password configured by the cloud provider.
- Change the default password to your own password.
- Optionally create additional users if needed.

2. Launch Administration console

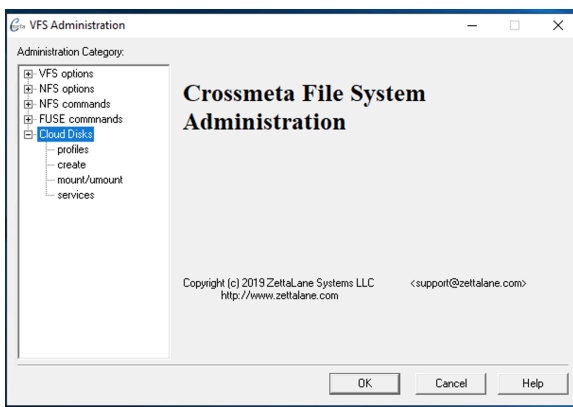
- Launch vfsadm Administration Console from the shortcut link in Desktop and **Run as Administrator**



On this page:

- [1. Connect to newly launched VM Instance](#)
- [2. Launch Administration console](#)
- [3. Create Cloud Profile](#)
- [4. Configure your first object storage disk](#)
- [5. Register the object storage disk as service](#)
- [6. Configure the object storage disk as VHDX](#)
- [7. Mount the VHDX image of object storage disk](#)
- [8. Detach the VHDX image](#)
- [9. Stop the service of object storage disk](#)

- Expand the Cloud Disks in the tree view pane to reveal the following management options



3. Create Cloud Profile

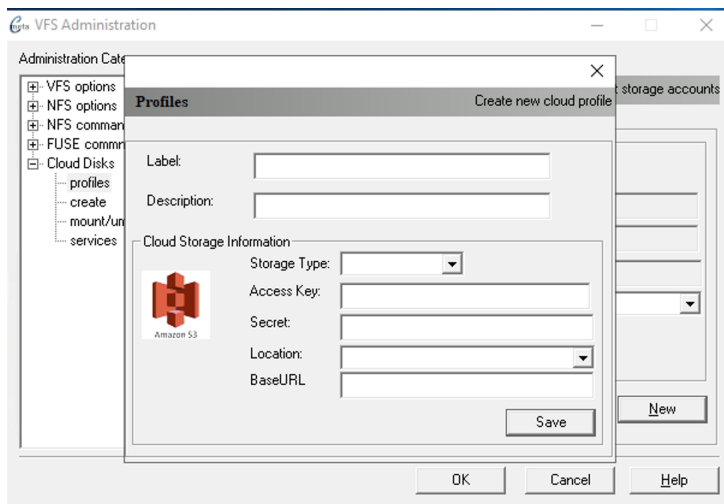
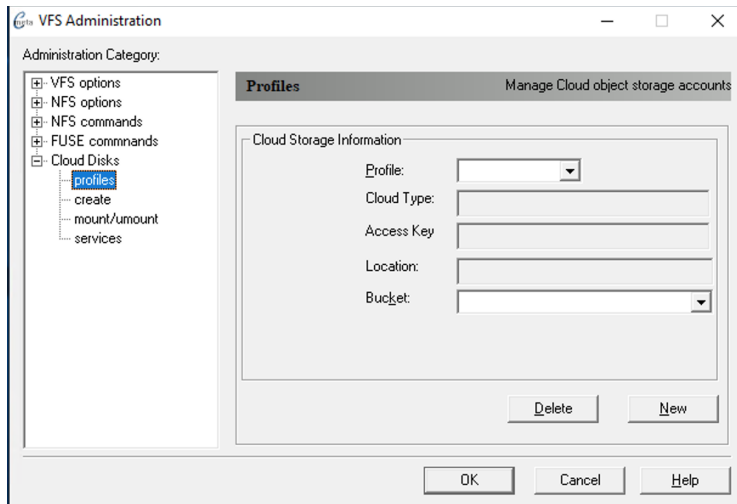
- Use profiles New to create a cloud profile that provides relevant information for accessing the cloud storage from application. To start with the configuration you would need access ID key and secret key generated by your cloud provider from their console settings. It is also possible to skip providing this information, if the compute engine was already authorized to perform S3 object access operations through IAM settings.



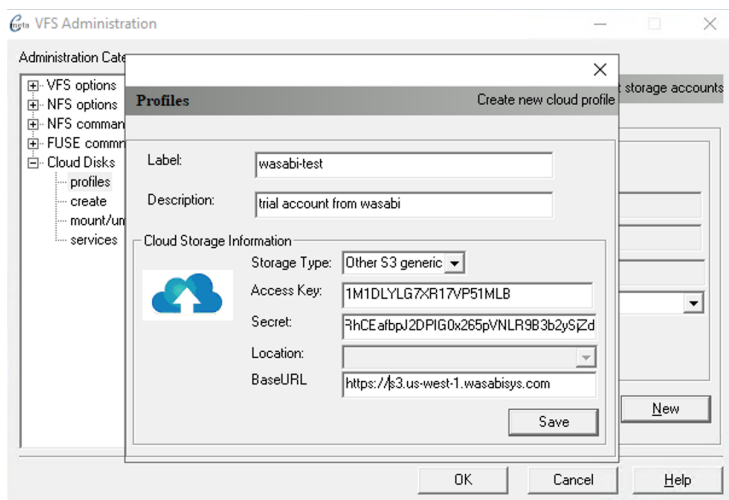
AWS EC2

For AWS EC2 instance created with IAM role that authorizes S3 operations it may not be required to configure the accessId and accessKey within the software. Instead use the option --accessEC2IAM=ROLE option with objbaker. This will acquire S3 credentials from EC2 machine instance-data via <http://169.254.169.254/latest/meta-data/iam/security-credentials/ROLE> every five minutes.

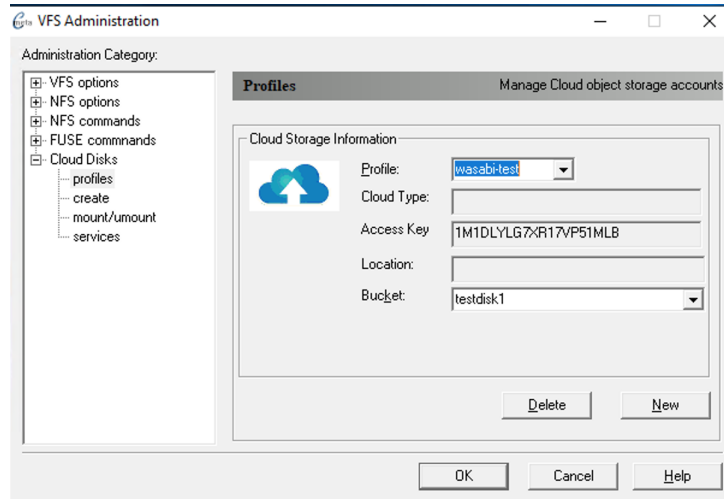
Use profiles New to launch the following dialogs.



The following dialog shows how to configure cloud profile for Wasabi Technologies which comes under *Other S3 generic* category. In this configuration BaseURL is required to match their service URLs



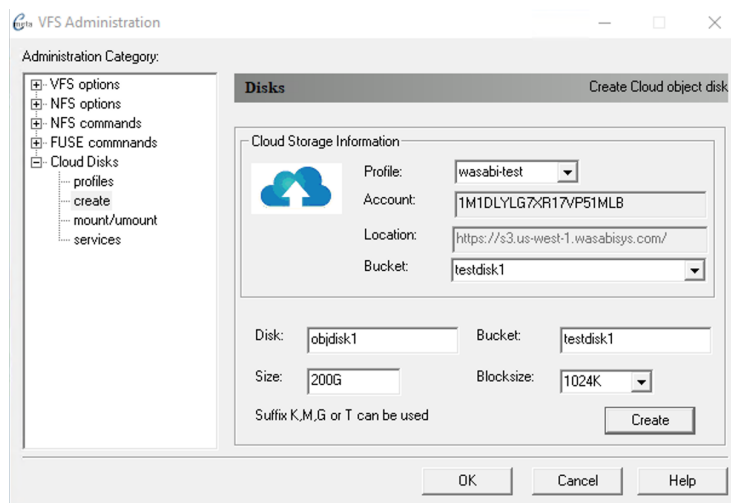
Once configured it will provide a list of bucket/container names that is currently present.



4. Configure your first object storage disk

Select the cloud profile to use for creating object storage disk. You can select an existing **Bucket** from the list or enter one manually which will create a new bucket for you. Logical size of VHDX up to 64TB allowed by Windows. Fill in the following information for the new Disk

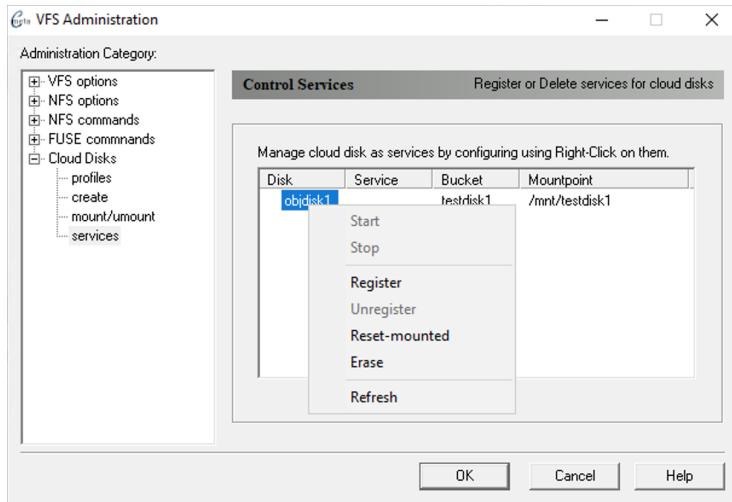
1. Enter **Disk** name, which maybe same as bucket name or different.
2. If you selected existing bucket the **Bucket** will be autofilled, otherwise enter a new bucket name to be created.
3. Enter **Size** for the Disk representing the Bucket. This is only a logical size while the bucket storage size is physical. Logical size of VHDX up to 64TB allowed by Windows.
4. Select the **Blocksize** of the physical blocks in the cloud bucket. This would normally match the application blocksize for optimal performance. For NTFS it would match the cluster size of the file system.
5. Click **Create** to proceed with the configuration.



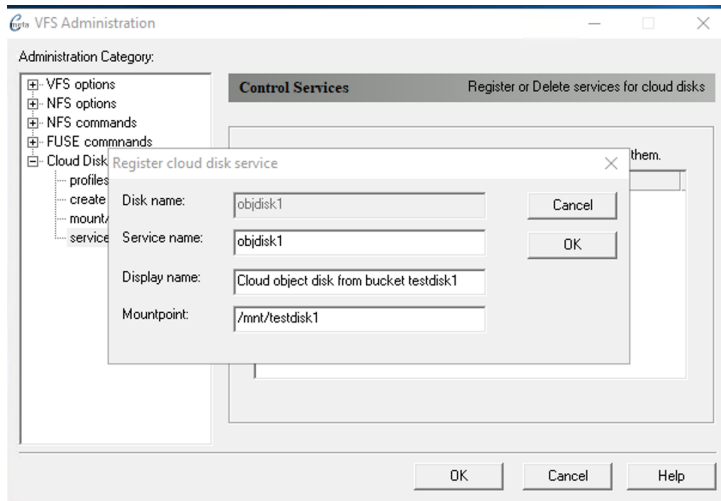
5. Register the object storage disk as service

- Once cloud disk was setup **Register** it as service program so that it is available automatically on system startup.

Right-click on **Disk** and select Register from popup menu.



- In the Register cloud disk service you may accept the default values or change accordingly.



- To start the service Right-click on **Disk** and select **Start** from popup menu.



Reset-mounted flag

If starting the service after unclean shutdown of earlier successful mount it is required to clear the mounted flag by selecting **Reset-Mounted** menu option and then attempt to start the service.

After the above command finishes the object storage is accessible as `V:\mnt\file.vhdx` as one giant file and in this example it shows logical capacity as 10TB.

qemu-img

```
C:\Program Files\qemu>dir v:\mnt
Volume in drive V is vfsroot
Volume Serial Number is 0122-B5C1

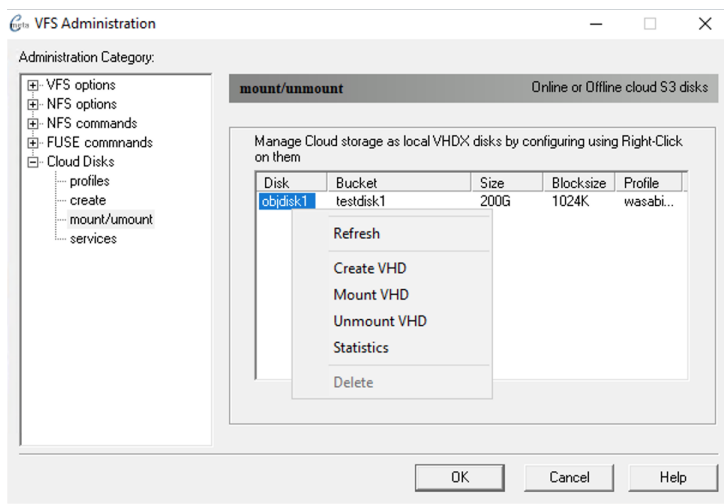
Directory of v:\mnt

05/22/2019  07:48 PM    <DIR>          .
05/22/2019  07:48 PM    <DIR>          ..
05/22/2019  07:48 PM  10,995,116,277,760 file.vhdx
05/22/2019  07:48 PM                1,422 stats
                2 File(s) 10,995,116,279,182 bytes
                2 Dir(s)   5,242,880 bytes free
```

6. Configure the object storage disk as VHDX

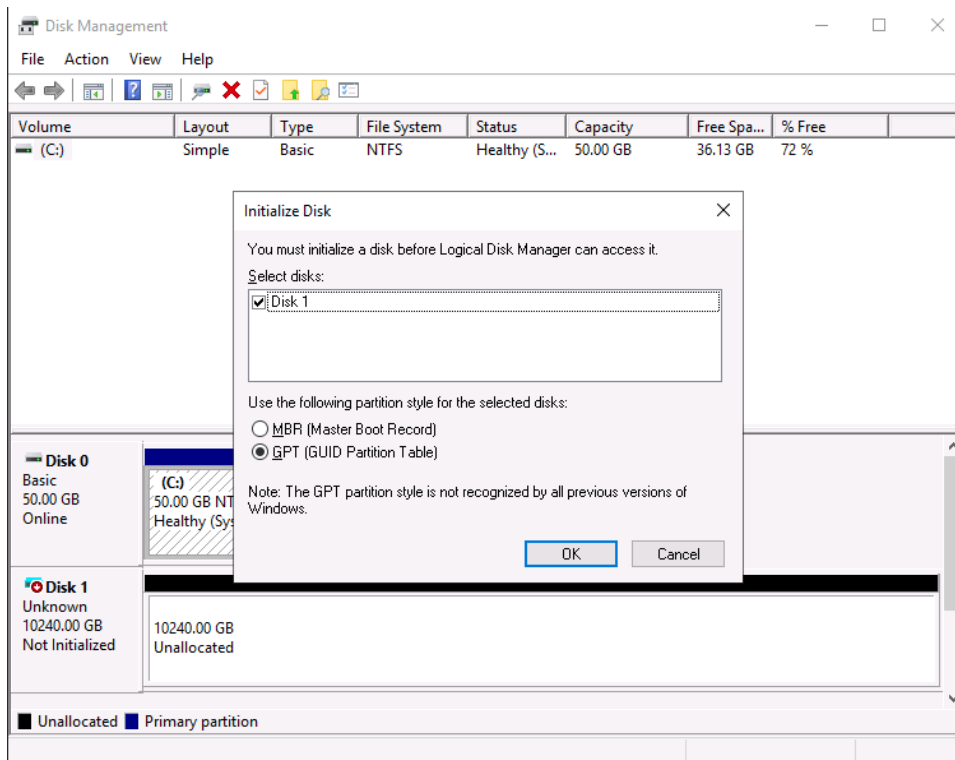
For Windows to make use of object storage bucket we have to initialize the object storage as VHDX image. VHDX is preferred over VHD because of inherent journal feature to protect against unsafe shutdown and also it can support up to 64TB for a single image

- To create new VHDX image click mount/unmount from the treeview pane.
- Select the **Disk** and Right-Click for the popup-menu and choose **Create VHD** menu option



7. Mount the VHDX image of object storage disk

- Select **Disk** and Right-Click to choose **Mount VHD** menu option to attach the VHDX image as Disk to Windows.
- Only for newly created VHDX image
Launch diskmgmt.msc to initialize disk for the first time and assign a drive letter. You may create a file system within Disk Management GUI or from Command Prompt.



To Create a file system NTFS or ReFS from command prompt. Use the actual drive letter that was assigned from the above command and allocation size of 1MB is chosen to match with the block size used while configuring cloud disk.

Format

```
c:\users\Administrator> format /fs:ntfs /A:1M /q F:
```



NTFS allocation size

Windows 2019 supports allocation size of 1MB for NTFS file systems while earlier version limited to 64KB only. This means NTFS created with 1MB allocation size may not be recognized by older Windows.

8. Detach the VHDX image

To stop the objbaker service program for the disk the VHDX image as to be detached first.

- Select **Disk** and Right-Click to choose **Umount VHD** menu option

9. Stop the service of object storage disk

After detaching the VHDX image it is safe to proceed with stopping the service if needed.

- Select services **Disk** and Right-Click to choose **Stop** menu option

Related pages